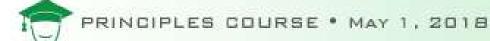
# Vehicle-Track Measurement Technologies

Matthew Dick, P.E. ENSCO Rail May 1<sup>st</sup> 2018





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# Summary

# **Overview of Measurement Systems**

# **Overview of Asset Management**



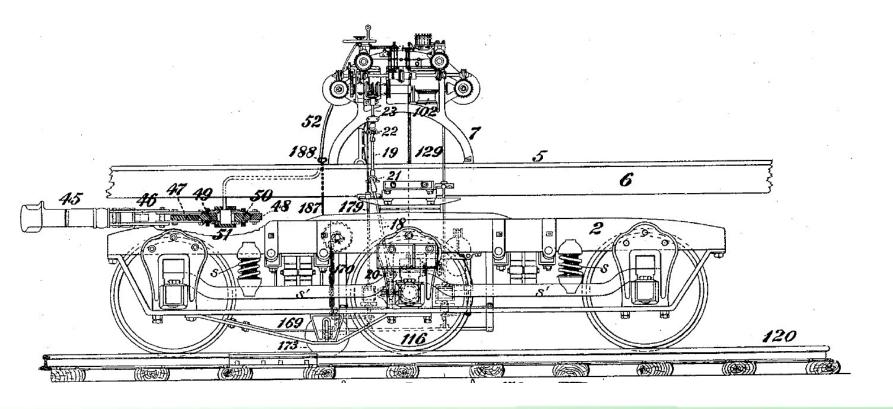




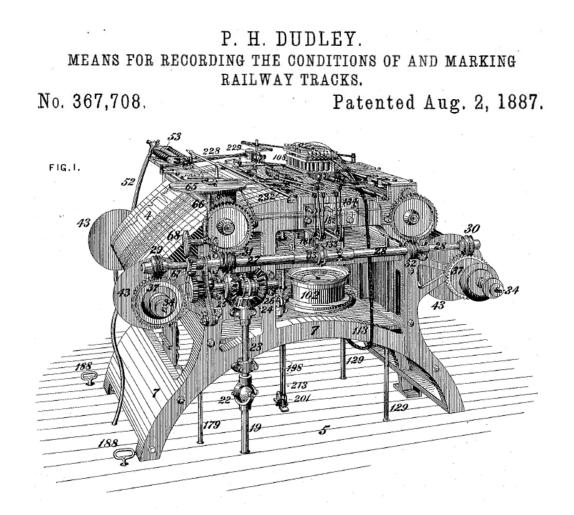
#### P. H. DUDLEY. MEANS FOR RECORDING THE CONDITIONS OF AND MARKING RAILWAY TRACKS.

No. 367,708.

Patented Aug. 2, 1887.



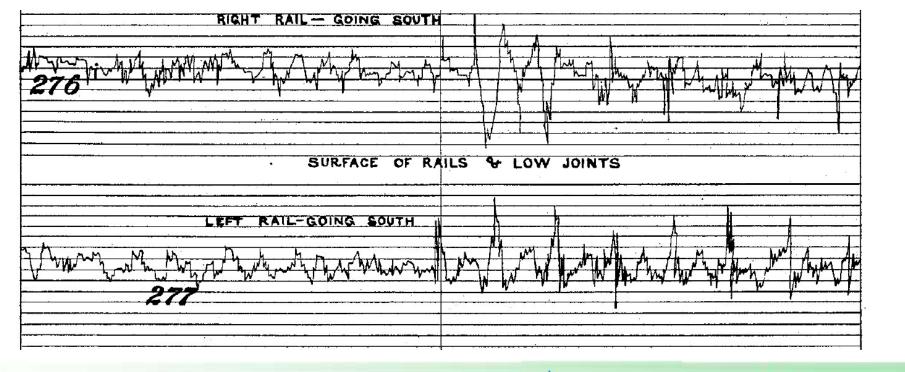


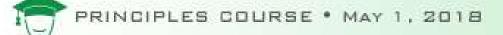




#### P. H. DUDLEY. MEANS FOR RECORDING THE CONDITIONS OF AND MARKING RAILWAY TRACKS.

No. 367,708. Patented Aug. 2, 1887.







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# **Overview of Measurement Systems**

There are five basic categories of measurement system.



1) Mounted on <u>Vehicle</u> to measure the <u>Vehicle.</u>	
---	--



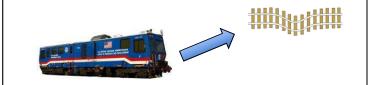


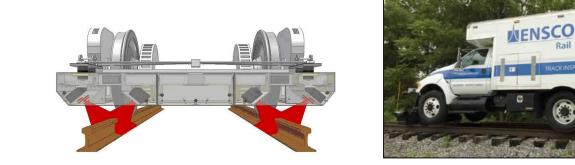
2) Mounted on <u>Track</u> to measure the <u>Track.</u>	





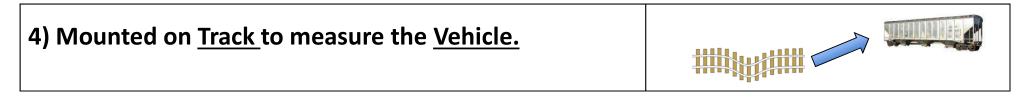
3) Mounted on Vehicle to measure the Track. (Manned, Unmanned, and Autonomous)









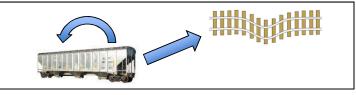








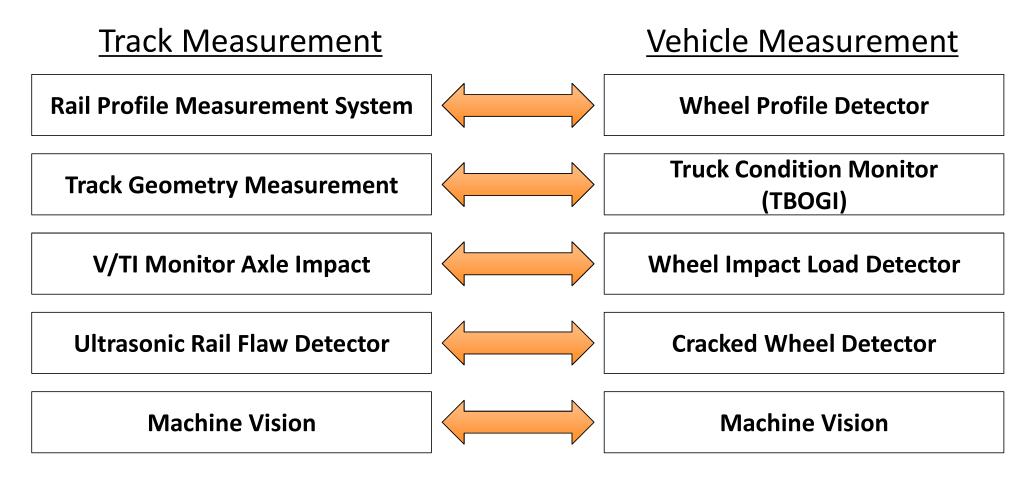
5) Mounted on <u>Vehicle</u> to measure the <u>Vehicle & Track</u>.













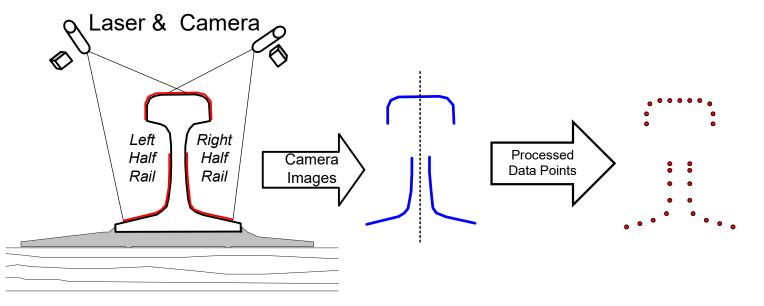
# **Profile Measurement**







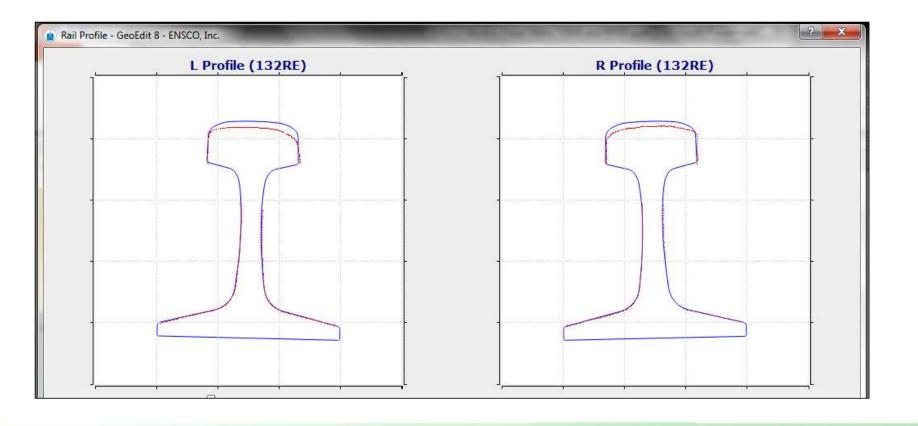
### **Laser Triangulation Measurement**



Ref 1

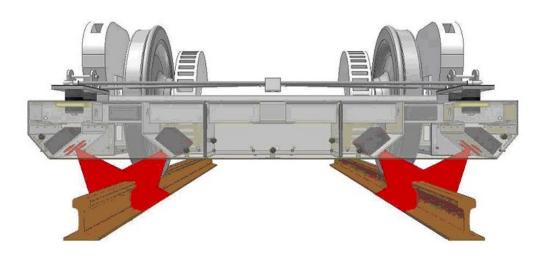


### **Laser Triangulation Measurement**





# Rail Profile Measurement System







# Vehicle Platforms:



**Railbound Manned** 

Hi-Rail Manned

Autonomous



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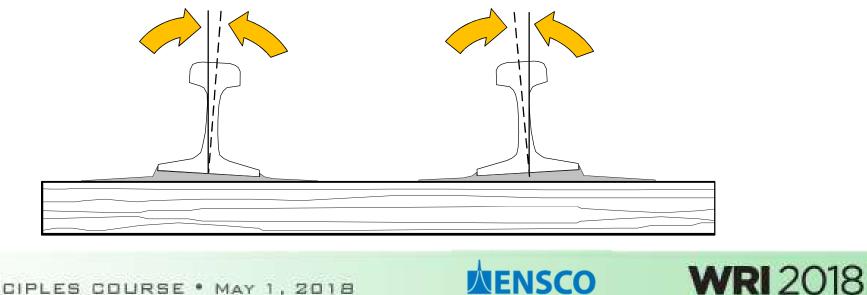




# **Absolute Measurements:**

(Doesn't Require Template)

# 1) Cant (Deg)

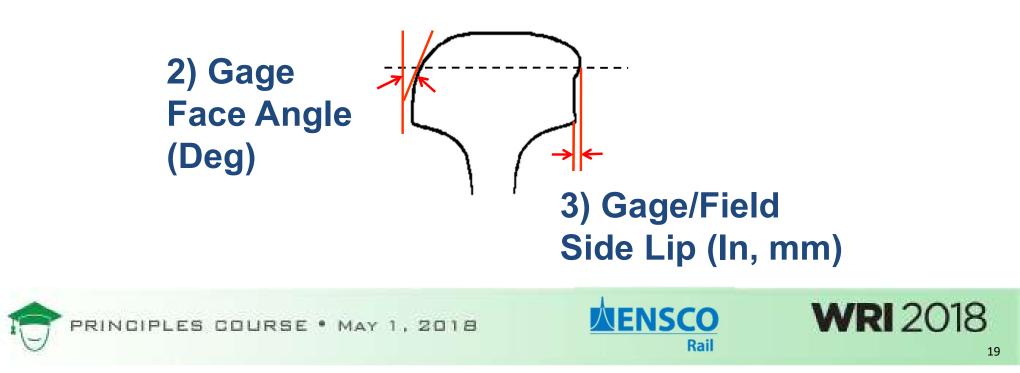






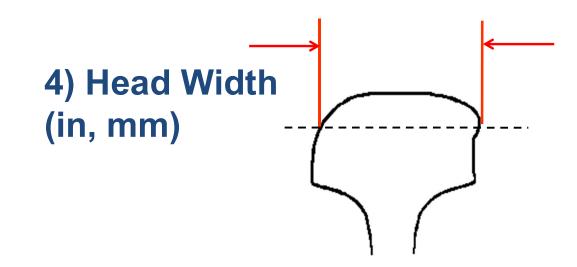
# Absolute Measurements:

(Doesn't Require Template)



# Absolute Measurements:

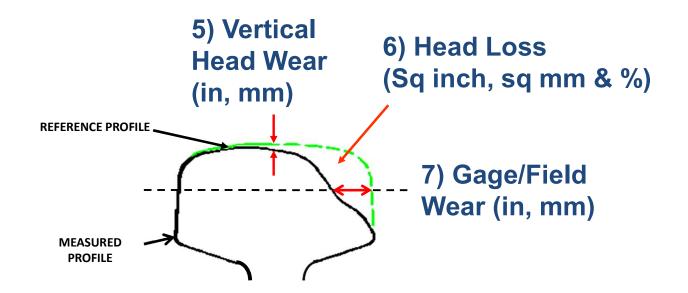
(Doesn't Require Template)





## **Relative Measurements:**

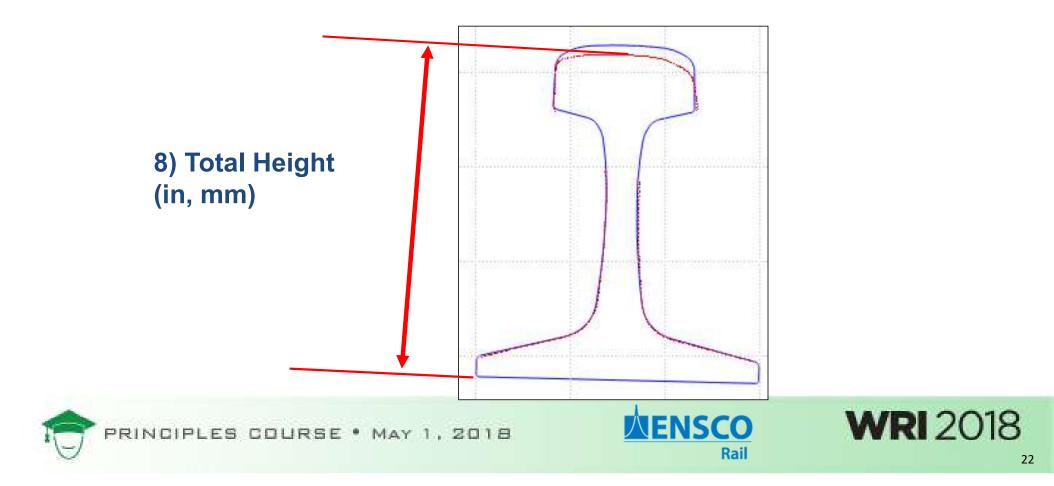
(Does Require Template)

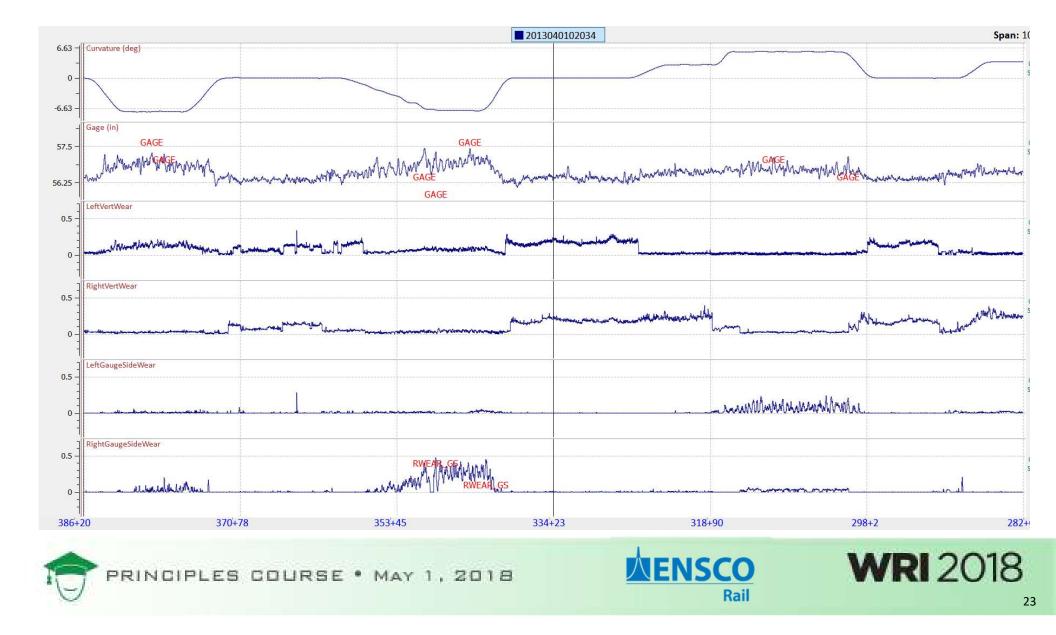




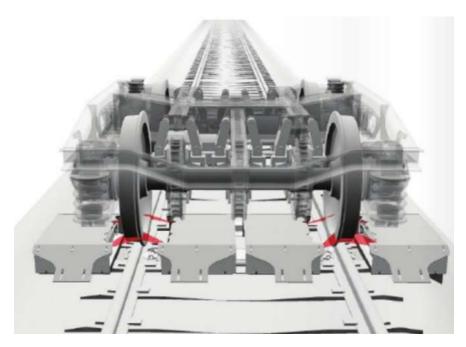
## **Relative Measurements:**

(Does Require Template)





# Wheel Profile Detector

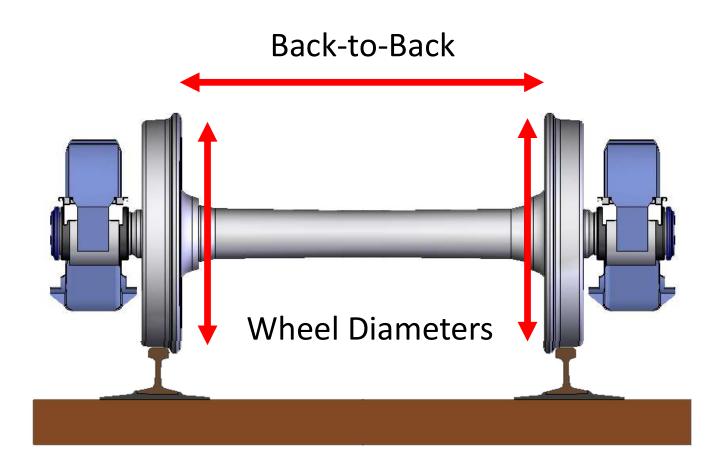




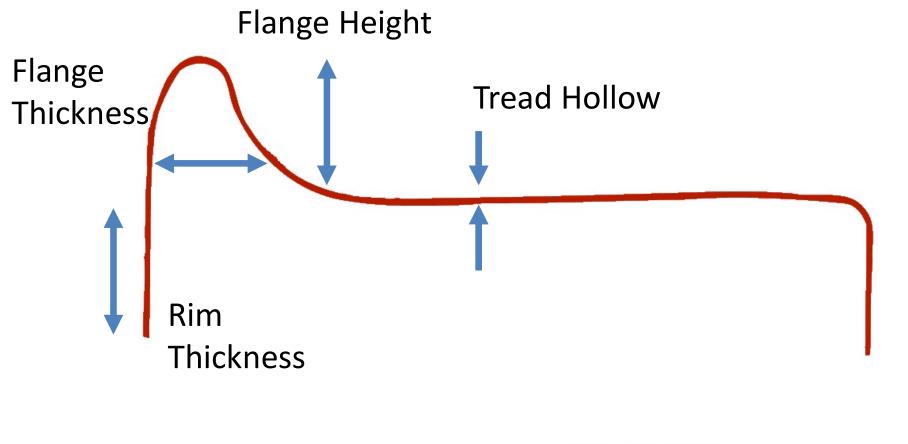
24

Images from Beena Vision http://www.beenavision.com/BV\_Brochure\_2016/mobile/index.html#p=16











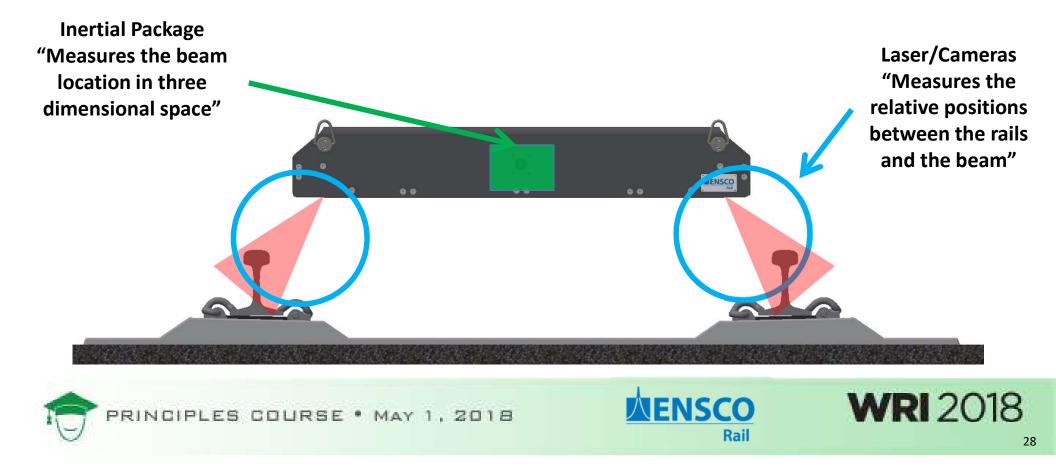
# **Geometry Measurement**







#### Track Geometry Measurement System



# Vehicle Platforms:



**Railbound Manned** 

Hi-Rail Manned

Autonomous

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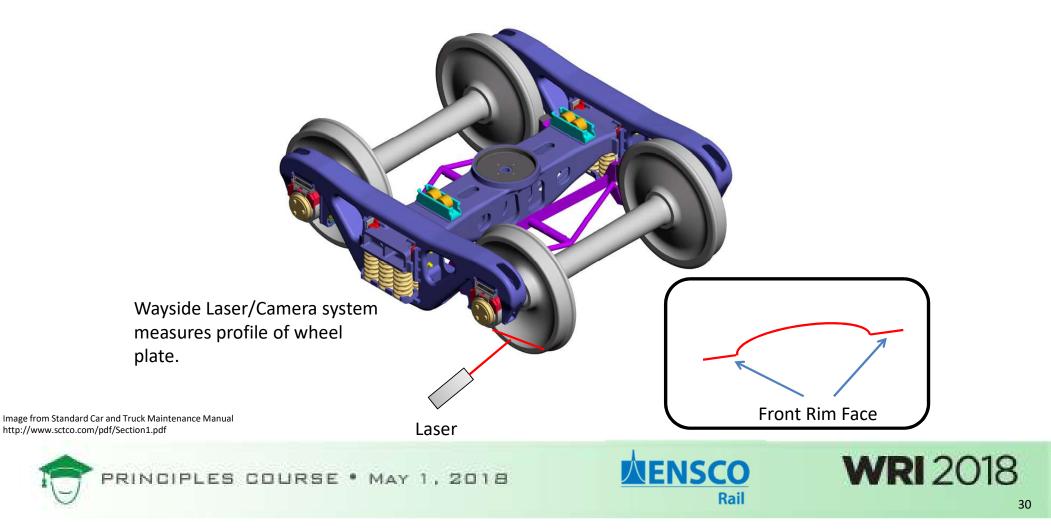
29



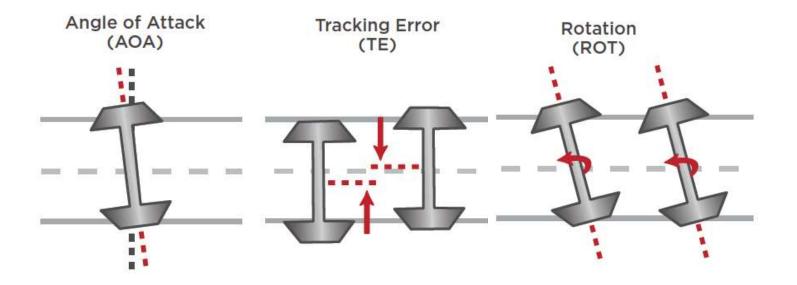
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#### Truck Condition Monitor (T-BOGI)



#### How does a truck condition monitor work?



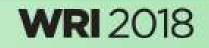
Images from Wayside Inspection Systems http://wid.ca/sites/default/files/brochures/TBOGI/WID\_TBOGI\_Brochure\_US.pdf



# **Impact Measurement**





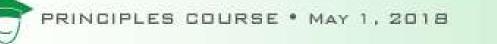


# Wheel Impact Load Detector (WILD)



Image from L.B. Foster https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7CJycCggHgw







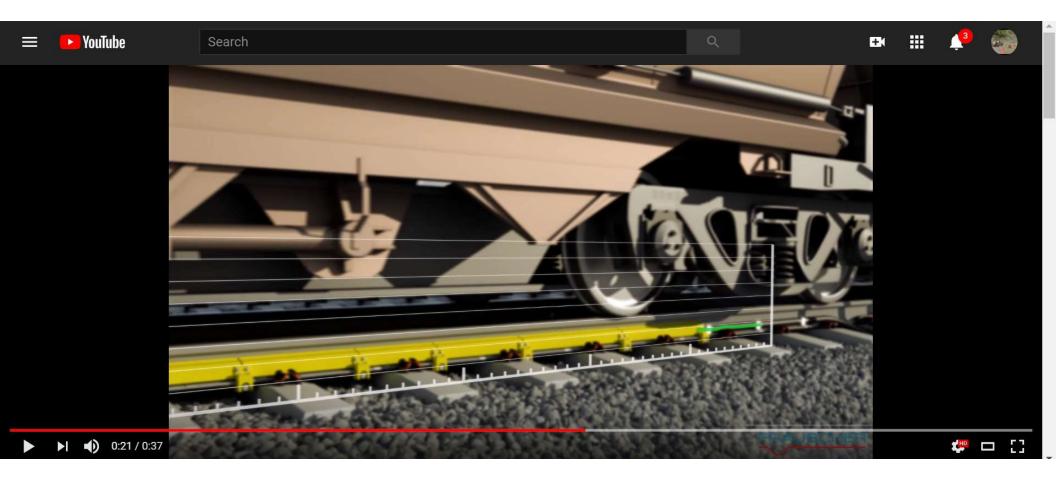


Image from Frauscher https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gTfU4tGZzgo



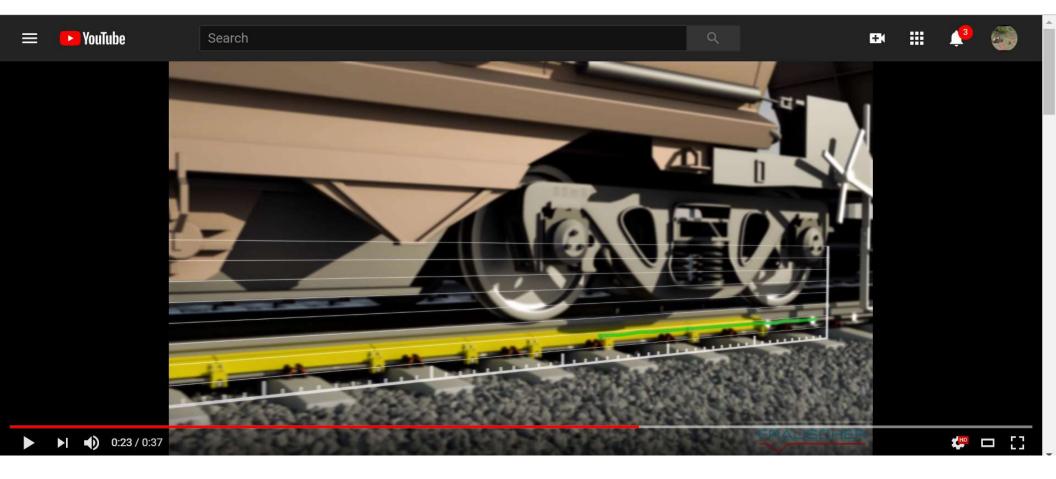


Image from Frauscher https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gTfU4tGZzgo





Image from Frauscher https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gTfU4tGZzgo



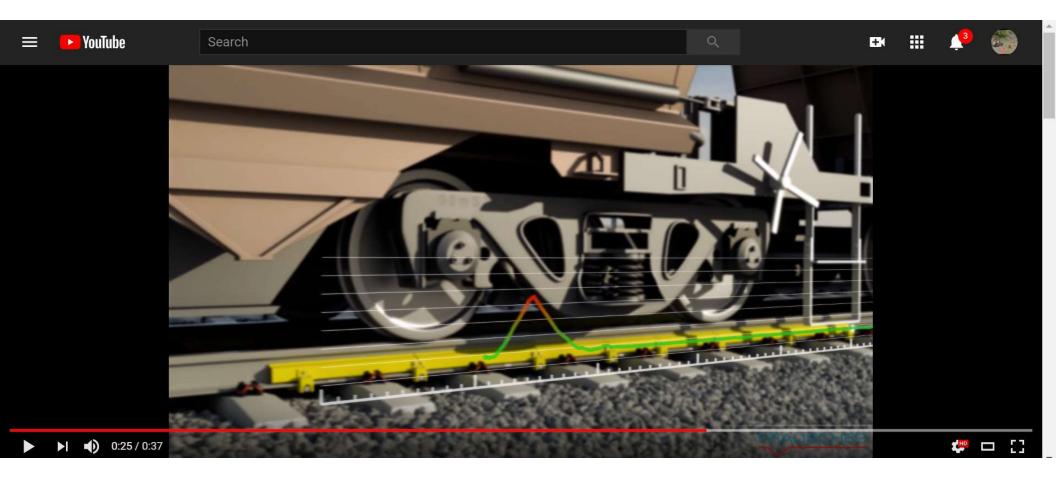


Image from Frauscher https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gTfU4tGZzgo



#### **Example WILD Defects**

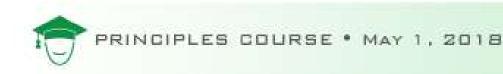


# <u>Measurements</u>

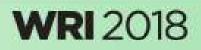
- Nominal Load
- Peak Load
- Dynamic Load (=Peak-Nominal)
- Ratio (=Peak/Nominal)

# Things to Keep in Mind

- Loaded/Empty
- Speed
- Track Stiffness

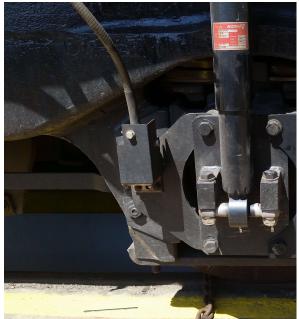






## V/TI Monitor – Impact Measurement





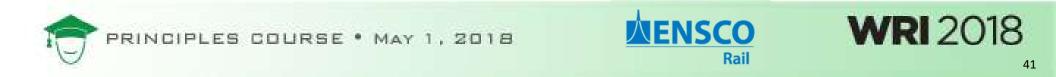
#### Example V/TI Monitor Axle Sensor

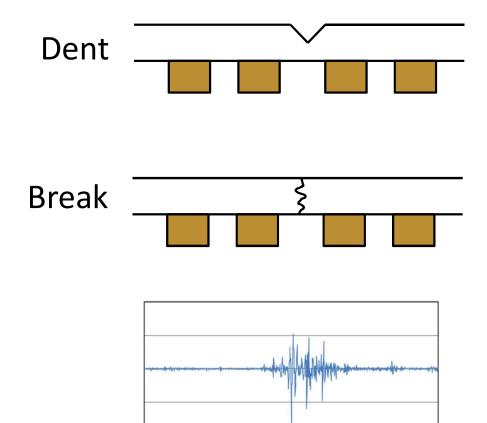




# Vehicle Platforms: Revenue Vehicles







- Vertical acceleration measured at axle box
- Wheel/Rail Impact acceleration measured
- Peak acceleration is used to calculate peak load.



#### Example V/TI Monitor Defects



Battered Joint Cracked/Broken Joint Bar

Cracked/Broken Frog Broken Rail

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# <u>Measurements</u>

• Peak Load

# Things to Keep in Mind

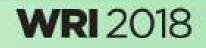
- Loaded/Empty
- Speed
- Track Stiffness



# **Ultrasonic Measurement**

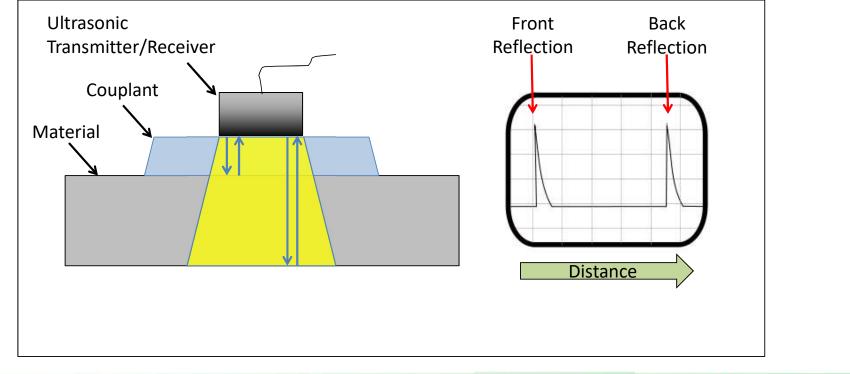






# **Ultrasonic Sensors**

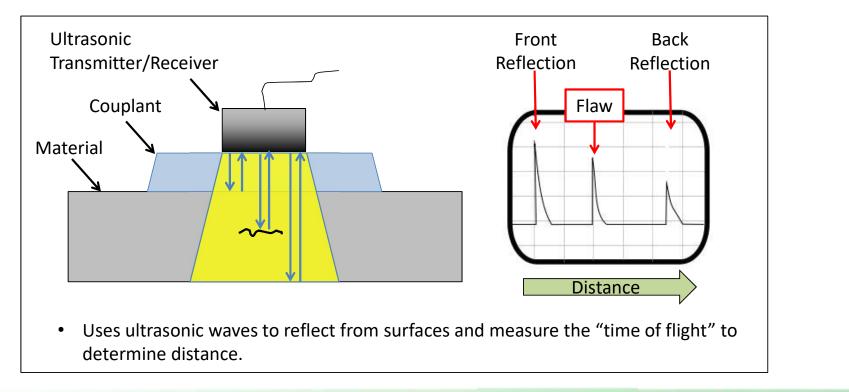
• Can measure depth, size, and orientation of internal flaws in a material





# **Ultrasonic Sensors**

• Can measure depth, size, and orientation of internal flaws in a material





## **Ultrasonic Rail Flaw Detectors**

#### Exampled Wheel Probe System (Most Commonly Used in North America)

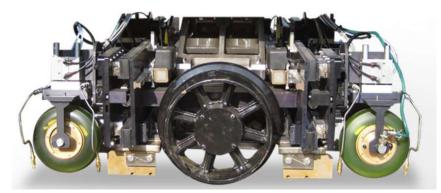
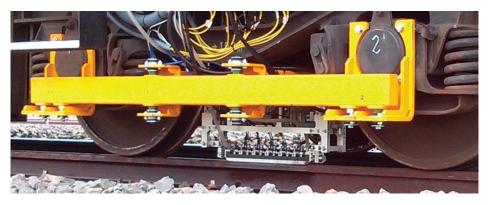


Image from Nordco http://www.nordco.com/products-catalog/inspection-technologies/rail-bound-inspectionsystems/rail-bound-rail-flaw-inspection-system-.htm

#### Exampled Sled Probe System (Most Commonly Used in Europe)



ScanMaster http://scanmaster-irt.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/TrackMaster-High-Speedbrochure.pdf







# Vehicle Platforms:



**Railbound Manned** 

**Hi-Rail Manned** 

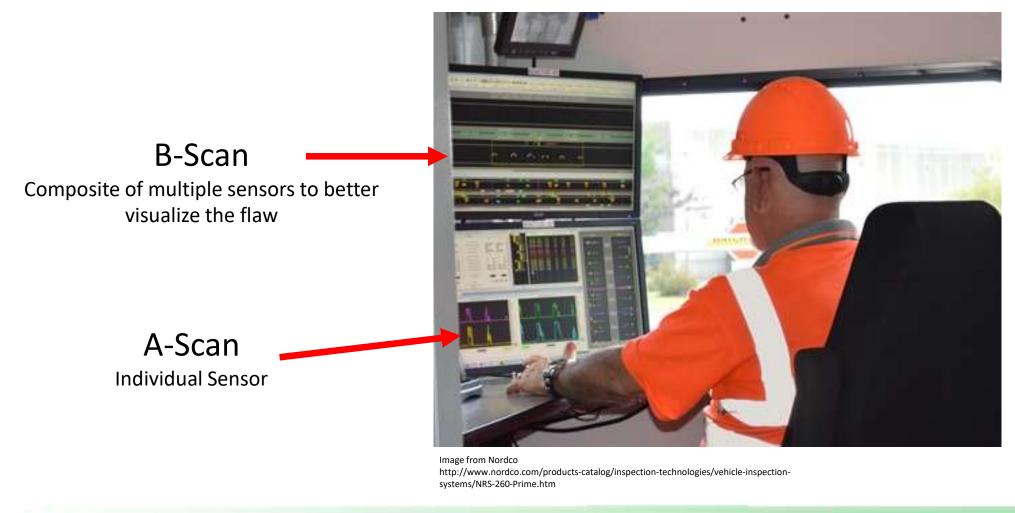
**ATV Manned** 

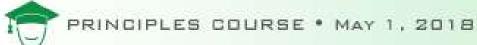


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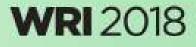












### **Cracked Wheel Detector**



Image from Proceedings of 2018 AAR Review Matthew Witte, "Effectiveness of Cracked Rim Detectors to Identify Broken Wheels"







#### **Example Plunger Probe System**



Image from Proceedings of 2018 AAR Review Matthew Witte, "Effectiveness of Cracked Rim Detectors to Identify Broken Wheels"

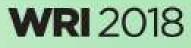


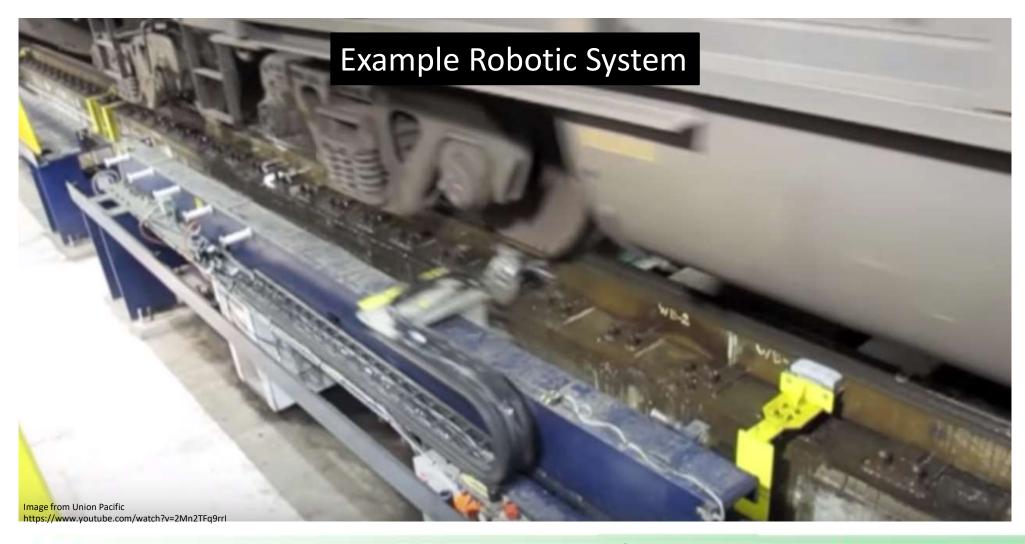
#### Example Robotic System

Image from Union Pacific https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2Mn2TFq9rrI











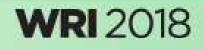




# Imaging







<u>"Line Scan" Cameras</u> aka "Slit Scan"

Works like your document scanner

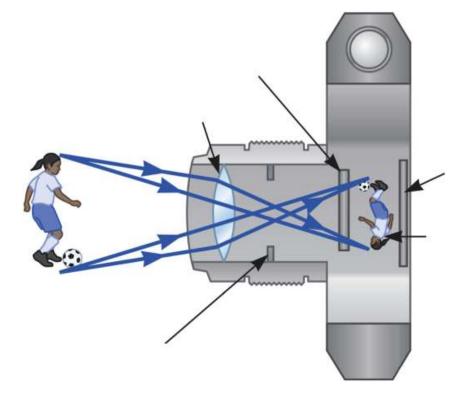
<u>"Area Scan" Cameras</u> aka "Full Frame"

Works like your standard camera



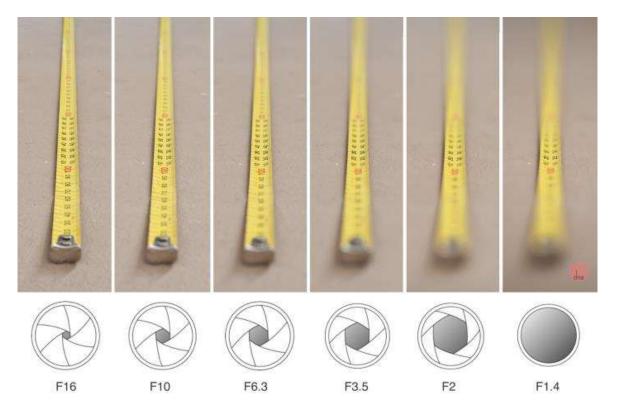






Ref: http://www.physics.byu.edu/faculty/colton/courses/phy123-fall12/warmups/jitt30a.html





Ref: https://www.ormsdirect.co.za/blog/2012/05/08/what-is-aperture-desmond-louw-explains/



What is needed for a railroad application:

Ideally want large depth of field (small aperture) for maximum content in focus.

Want **fast shutter speed** to capture quickly moving objects.

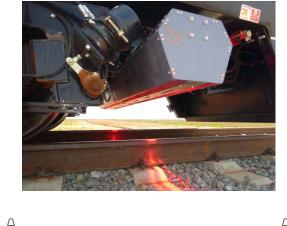
Generally **need lots of light**.

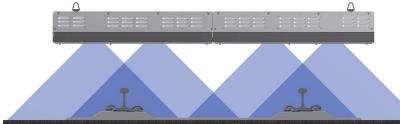


# **Example Camera Systems**



# **Example Camera Systems**





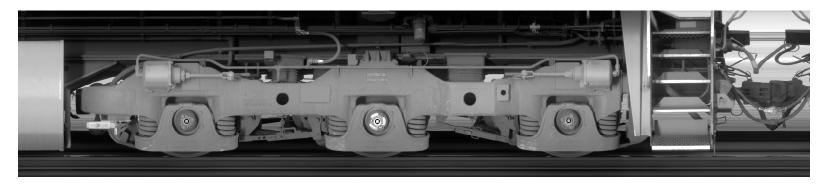


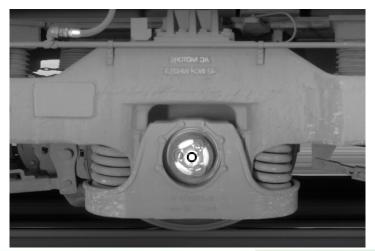
#### Joint Bar Imaging

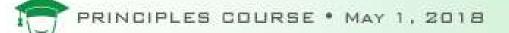
#### **Track Component Imaging**



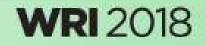


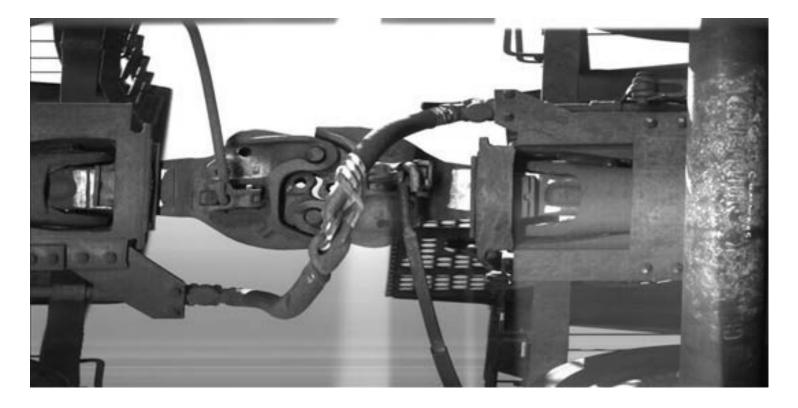




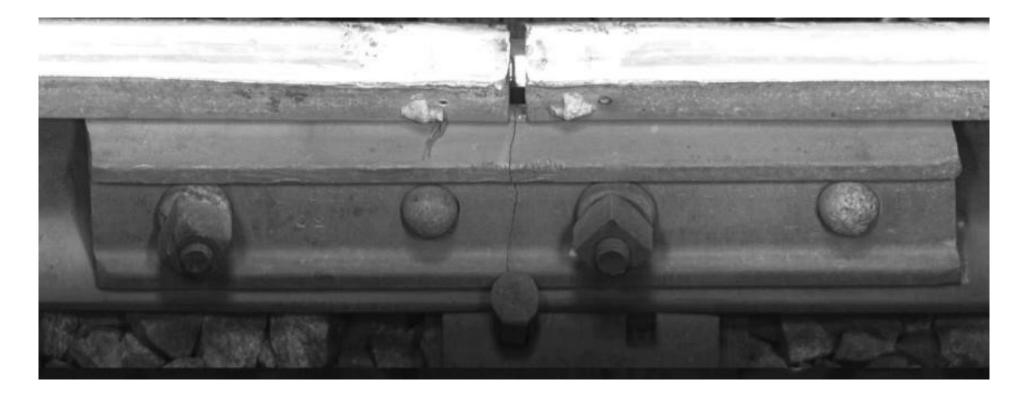




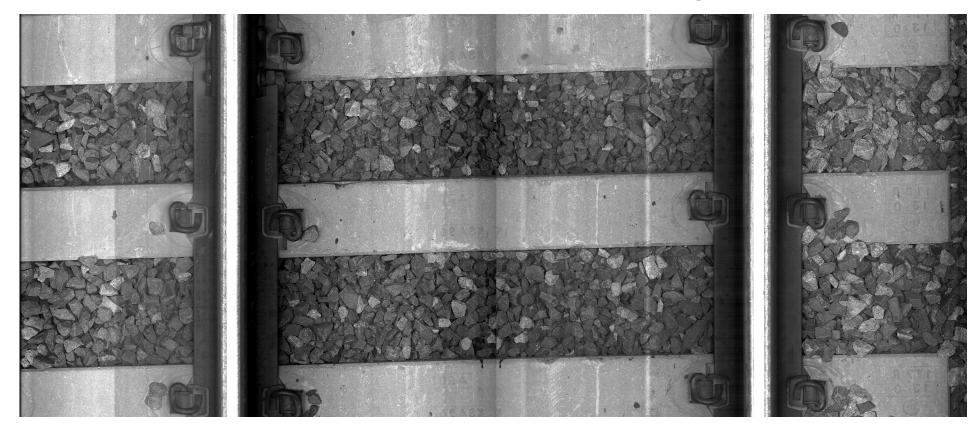










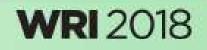


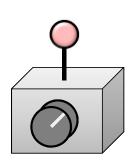


# **Asset Management**







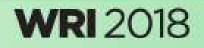


System identifies problem when measurement **exceeds threshold** and transmits direct to field personnel for repair.



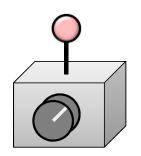
















## Asset Management









Data Validation & Correction

Asset Assignment

Prediction & Work Identification

Resource Planning

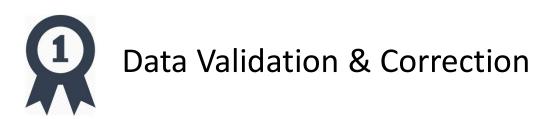
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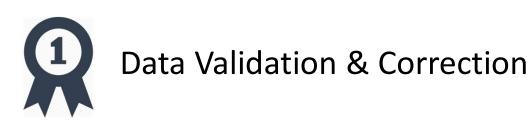


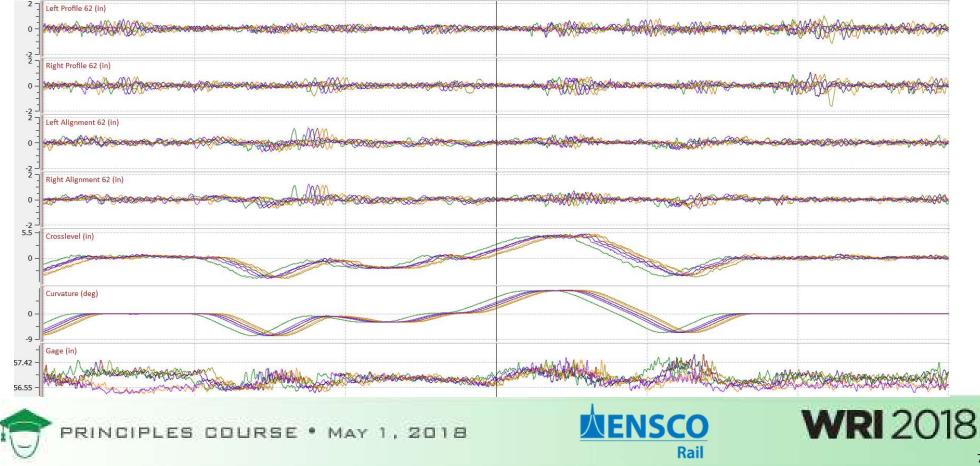
- We're using measurement like we haven't before.
- This requires a greater need for data accuracy!
  - Erroneous Data Removed
  - Profile Template Matching
  - Data Alignment



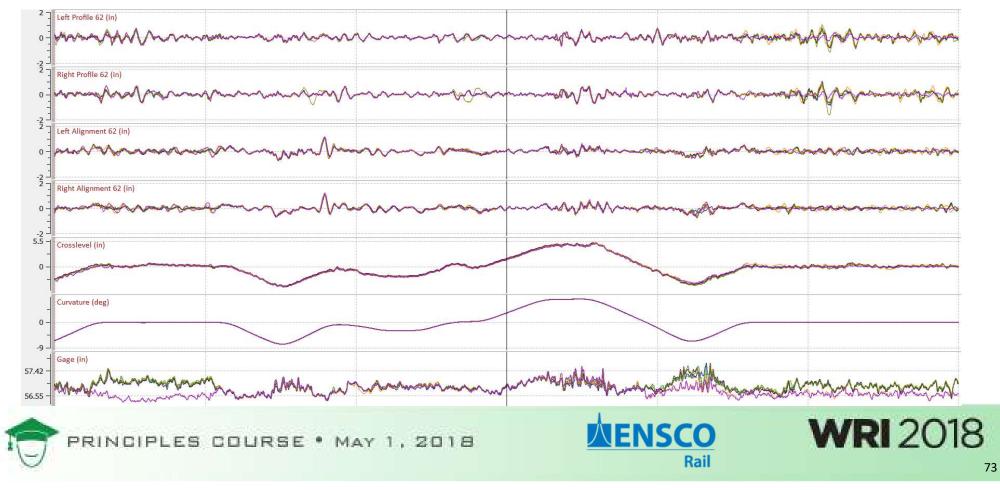






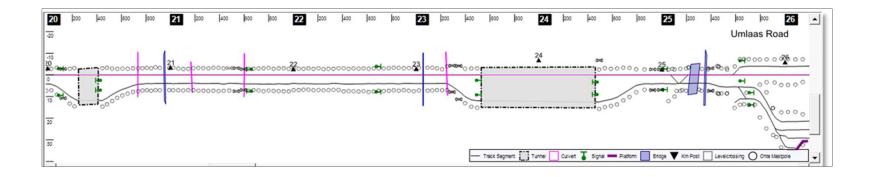








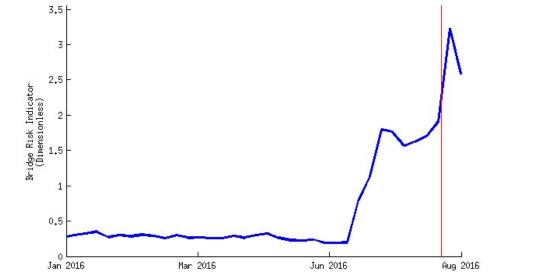
- First: What and where are your assets?
- Second: Assign data to the correct asset.







- If #1 and #2 are done well,
  #3 is much easier!
- Prediction needs to be prescriptive as much as possible



MP 46.63



MP 46.67



#### **Resource Planning**

- Receive the Identified Work associated to Assets.
- Execute the Work with Work Orders.
- Linear Asset Management (LAM)





# **Questions?**





