

VTI Economics Model

Case Studies of Quantifying Economic Impacts of WRI



ICRI-RCF VTI Economics Group



MONASH University



LBFoster



UNIVERSITY OF LEEDS



HEAVY HAUL SEMINAR • MAY 2-3, 2018



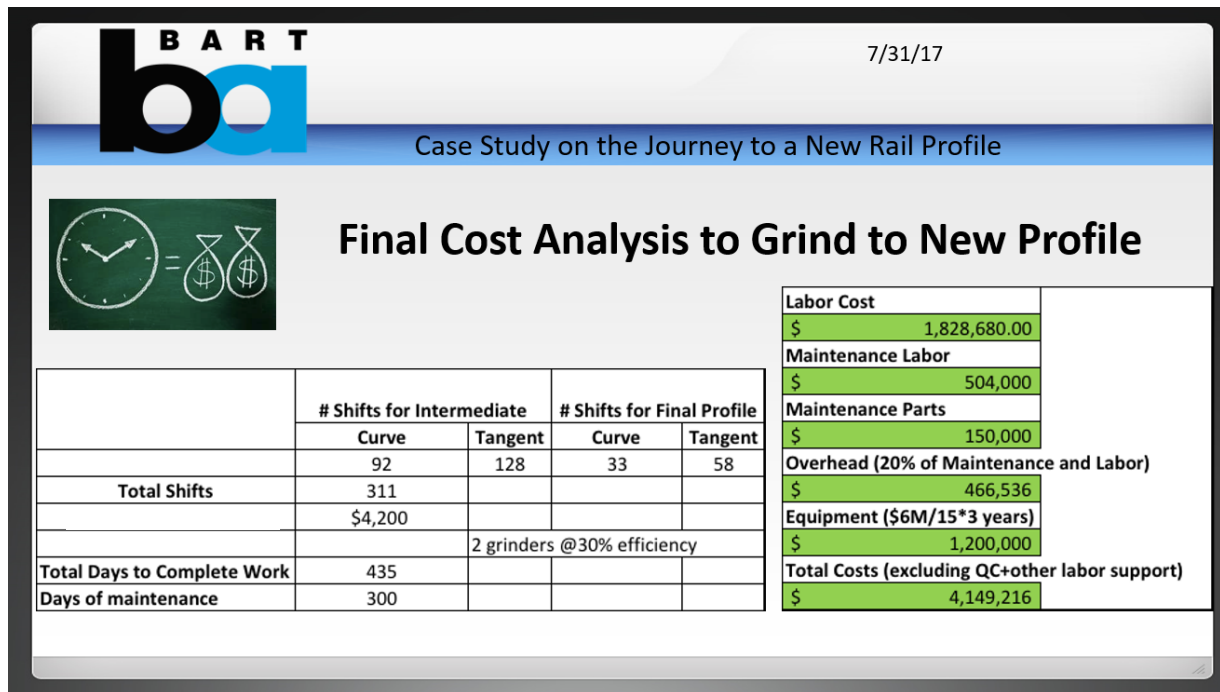
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Goals of ICRI Economics Model

1. Third Party “Open Source” Model, but Built by Railroads
2. Data Available from Different Departments/Specialties
3. Decision Support Tool of Costs and Benefits



Ex. of Current Economic Models



Ex. of Current Economic Models

Benefits of Rail Milling at Irish Rail 31

- Extended Rail Life
 - Rail replacement €150k per km vs. approx. €20-25k per km for milling
 - Milling can extend rail life up to 5-7 years
- Reduced rail breakages



RAIL TRANSIT SEMINAR • APRIL 30, 2018



larród Éireann
Irish Rail

WRI 2018



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 SentientScience

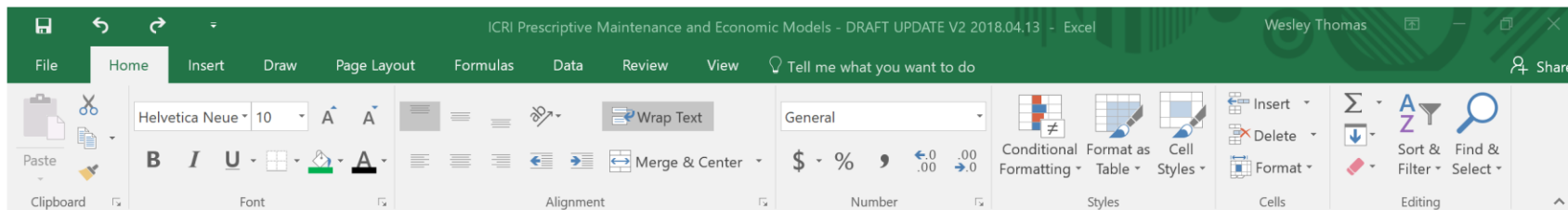
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Why use ICRI Economics Model?

1. Find New Savings and Innovations
2. Compete and Protect Important Projects
3. Improve Partnerships of Railroad and Supplier



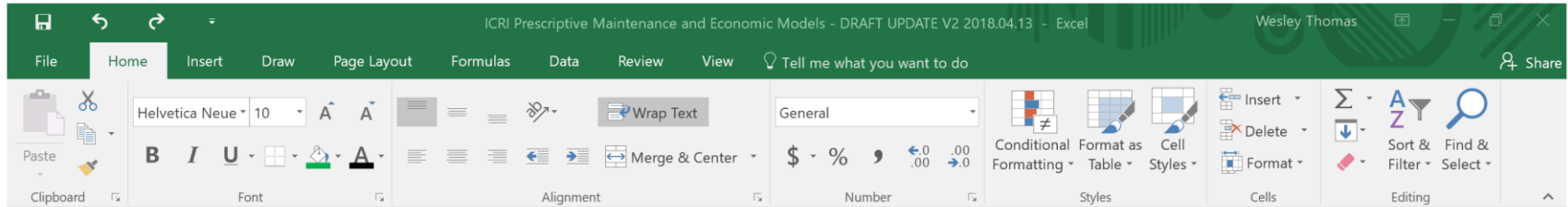
What is ICRI Economics Model?



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Cost Category	Operating Expense (OPEX) Total	Free Cash Flow (FCF) Spent Total	% Savings from Life Extension	OPEX Savings	FCF Savings		
2	Depreciation	\$ 239,800,000	\$ -	14%	\$ 34,653,179.19	\$ -		
3	Capital	\$ -	\$ 333,500,000	14%	\$ -	\$ 48,193,641.62		
4	Maintenance	\$ 15,600,000	\$ 15,600,000	14%	\$ 2,254,335.26	\$ 2,254,335.26		
5	Grinding - Corrective	\$ 16,000,000	\$ 16,000,000	14%	\$ 2,312,138.73	\$ 2,312,138.73		
6	Grinding - Preventive	\$ 43,000,000	\$ 43,000,000	0%	\$ -	\$ -		
7	Lubrication	\$ 19,300,000	\$ 14,900,000	0%	\$ -	\$ -		
8	Inspections	\$ 22,800,000	\$ 22,800,000	0%	\$ -	\$ -		
9	TOTAL	\$ 356,500,000	\$ 445,800,000	11%	\$ 39,219,653	\$ 52,760,116		
10								
11	Current Rail Life	34.6		Cost to Implement	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 100,000,000		
12	Desired Rail Life	39.6		ROIC	39%	53%		
13								
14	Compliance	\$ 54,400,000						
15	Preventive	\$ 57,900,000						
16	Capital/Depreciation	\$ 286,650,000						



What is ICRI Economics Model?



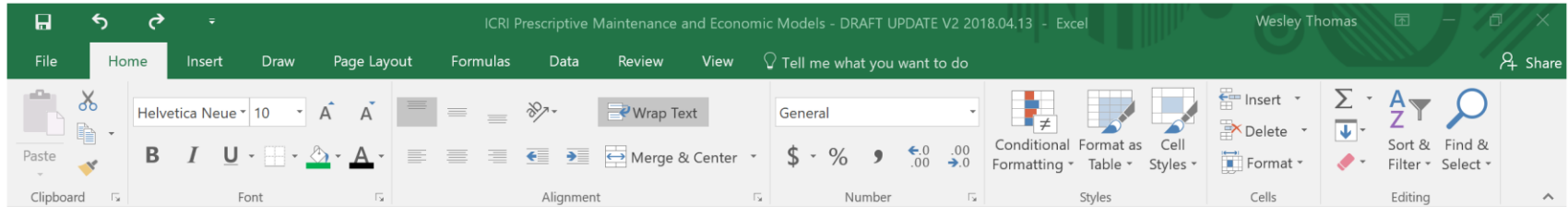
Operating Expense = Annual Reporting
Free Cash Flow = Cash per Year

1	Cost Category	Operating Expense (OPEX) Total	Free Cash Flow (FCF) Spent Total
2	Depreciation	\$ 286,650,000	\$ 286,650,000
3	Capital	\$ -	\$ 333,500,000
4	Maintenance	\$ 15,600,000	\$ 15,600,000
5	Grinding - Corrective	\$ 16,000,000	\$ 16,000,000
6	Grinding - Preventive	\$ 43,000,000	\$ 43,000,000
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14	Compliance	\$ 54,400,000	
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16	Capital/Depreciation	\$ 286,650,000	

Cost to Implement	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 100,000,000
ROIC	39%	53%



What is ICRI Economics Model?

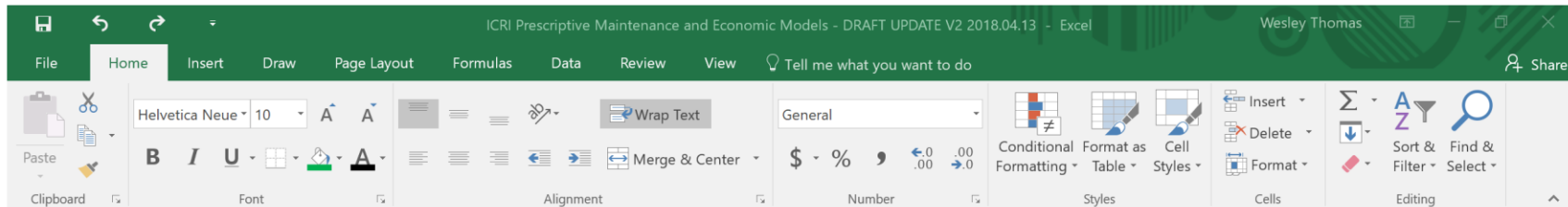


1	Cost Category	Or	Dimension	OPEX Savings	FCF Savings
2	Depreciation		14%	\$ 34,653,179.19	\$ -
3	Capital		14%	\$ -	\$ 48,193,641.62
4	Maintenance		14%	\$ 2,254,335.26	\$ 2,254,335.26
5	Grinding - Corrective		14%	\$ 2,312,138.73	\$ 2,312,138.73
6	Grinding - Preventive		0%	\$ -	\$ -
7	Lubrication		0%	\$ -	\$ -
8	Inspections		0%	\$ -	\$ -
9	TOTAL		11%	\$ 39,219,653	\$ 52,760,116
11	Current Rail Life	34.6			
12	Desired Rail Life	39.6			
14	Compliance	\$ 54,400,000			
15	Preventive	\$ 57,900,000			
16	Capital/Depreciation	\$ 286,650,000			
	Cost to Implement			\$ 100,000,000	\$ 100,000,000
	ROIC			39%	53%

Different Categories of Cost



What is ICRI Economics Model?



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
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More Detailed Model of Each Cost

Value Assessment Summary | General Assumptions | Depreciation | Capital | Maintenance | Rail Gri... | 106%

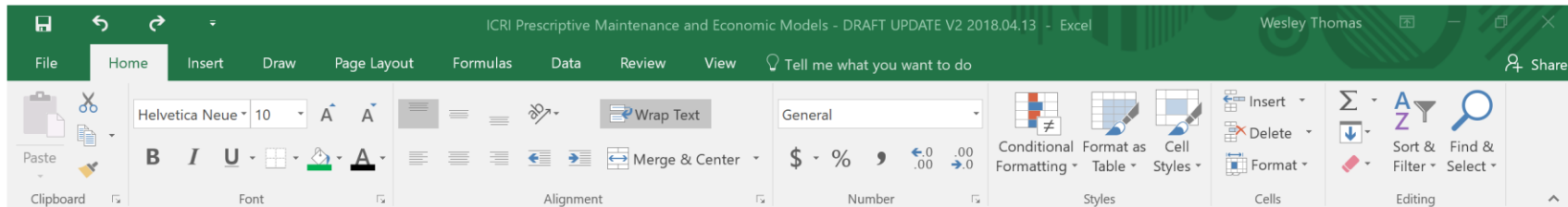


Case Studies: What Can We Learn

- 1. Cost of Defect Intervention**
- 2. Cost of Defects by Different Root Causes**
- 3. How to Value Life Extension?**



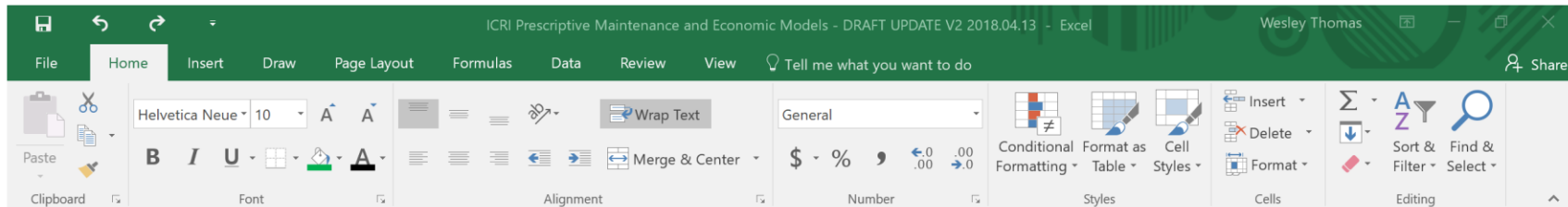
Case Study: Cost of Intervention



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
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Case Study: Cost of Intervention



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4	Maintenance	\$ 15,600,000	\$ 15,600,000					
5	Grinding - Corrective	\$ 16,000,000	\$ 16,000,000					
6	Grinding - Preventive	\$ 18,000,000	\$ 18,000,000					
7	Lubrication	\$ 10,200,000	\$ 10,200,000					
8	Inspections	\$ 22,800,000	\$ 22,800,000					
9	TOTAL	\$ 558,500,000	\$ 475,500,000	11%	\$ 39,219,000	\$ 52,100,110		
10								
11	Current Rail Life	34.6		Cost to Implement	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 100,000,000		
12	Desired Rail Life	39.6		ROIC	39%	53%		
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14	Compliance	\$ 54,400,000						
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Cost of Defects



Case Study: Cost of Intervention

Defect	REMEDIAL ACTION TABLE				If the defective rail is not replaced or repaired, take the remedial action prescribed in note
	Length of defect (inch(es))		Percentage of existing rail head cross-sectional area weakened by defect		
	More than	But not more than	Less than	But not less than	
Compound Fissure	70..... 100.....	5..... 70..... 100.....	B. A2. A.
Transverse Fissure	25..... 60.....	5..... 25.....	C. D.
Detail Fracture	100.....	60..... 100.....	A2, or [E and H]. A, or [E and H].
Engine Burn Fracture
Defective Weld
Horizontal Split Head
Vertical Split Head
Split Web	2.....	H and F.
Piped Rail	4.....	I and G.
Head Web Separation	(').....	B. A.
Defective Weld (Longitudinal)
	2..... 4.....	1..... 4 1/2.....	H and F.

FRA - 49 CFR 213.113 - Defective Rails
<https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/49/213.113>



Case Study: Cost of Intervention

TOTAL COST	Total Cost	\$ 15,605,000
\$	Cost / Spot Replacement	\$ 4,529
\$	Cost / Joint Bar Application	\$ 1,231
\$	Cost / Visual Inspection	\$ 1,181
\$	Cost / Internal Inspection	\$ 1,381
\$	Cost due to RCF/wear	\$ 8,333,406
	85% Labor	\$ 13,230,000
	15% Material	\$ 2,375,000
STRATEGY		
#	Total Route Miles	23,650
#	Total Rail Miles (2x Route Miles)	47,300
#	Total Spot Replacements	2000
#	Average Length of Spot Replacement (ft)	39
#	Total Spot Replacement (ft)	78000
#	Total Spot Replacement (miles)	14.77
#	Total Joint Bars Applied	4100
#	Visual Inspections Required	100
#	Internal Inspections Required	1000

Calculate the Cost of Different Maintenance Intervention

Costs Driven by Labor



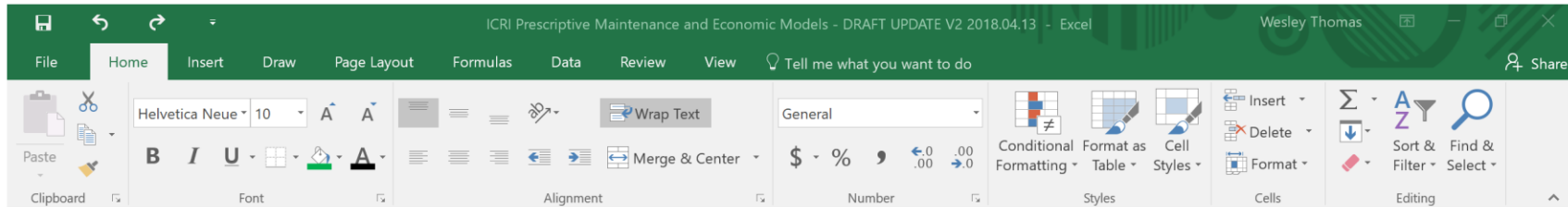
Case Study: Cost of Intervention

	Grinding	Preventive + Corrective	Preventive Only
Total OPEX	Total Cost	\$59,000,000	\$43,000,000
	Cost / Day	\$160,000	\$120,000
	Cost / Work Day / Grinder	\$110,000	\$80,000
	Cost/Pass Mile	\$2,200	\$2,200
	74% Depreciation/Lease	\$43,510,000	\$31,770,000
	13% Labor	\$7,830,000	\$5,720,000
	13% Material + Inspection	\$7,620,000	\$5,560,000
STRATEGY			
#	Total Route Miles	23,650	23,650
#	Tangent - Preventive	16000	16000
#	Mild Curves - Preventive	3500	3500
#	Medium Curves - Preventive	0	0
#	Severe Curves - Preventive	0	0
#	Corrective	1800	0
#	Total Track Miles Ground	21300	19500
#	Total Pass Miles	26700	19500
#	Total Track Miles Ground - Preventative	19500	19500
#	Total Track Miles Ground -	1800	0

Calculate the Cost of Different Grinding Strategies



Case Study: Cost of Intervention



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
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5	Grinding - Corrective	\$ 16,000,000	\$ 16,000,000	14%	\$ 2,312,138.73	\$ 2,312,138.73		
6	Grinding - Preventive	\$ 43,000,000	\$ 43,000,000	0%	\$ -	\$ -		
7	Lubrication	\$ 19,300,000	\$ 14,900,000	0%	\$ -	\$ -		
8	Inspections	\$ 22,800,000	\$ 22,800,000	0%	\$ -	\$ -		
9	TOTAL	\$ 356,500,000	\$ 445,800,000	11%	\$ 39,219,653	\$ 52,760,116		
10								
11	Current Rail Life	34.6		Cost to Implement	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 100,000,000		
12	Desired Rail Life	39.6		ROIC	39%	53%		
13								
1	Compliance	\$ 54,400,000						
1	Preventive	\$ 57,900,000						
1	Capital/Depreciation	\$ 286,650,000						

Would More Prevention Reduce defect Costs?



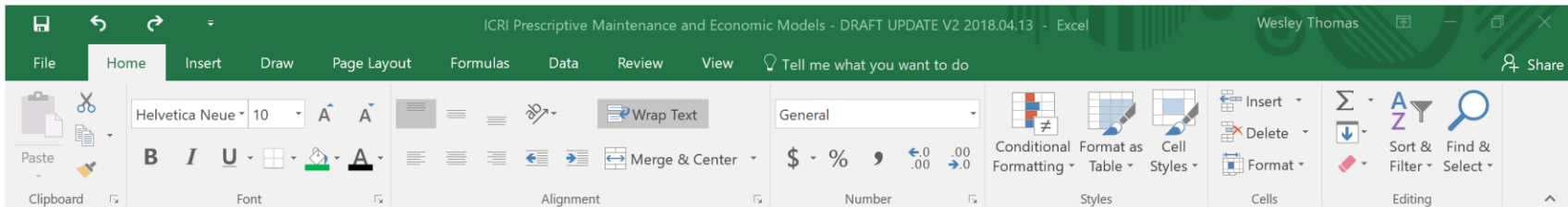
Case Study: Defect Root Cause

Failure Root Cause	Defect #	%	OPEX	%	Free Cash Flow	%
Rolling Contact Fatigue	6000	44%	\$ 15,500,000	62%	\$ 65,000,000	26%
Subsurface Fatigue	3500	26%	\$ 5,500,000	22%	\$ 80,000,000	32%
Weld	4000	30%	\$ 4,000,000	16%	\$ 45,000,000	18%
Wear	\$ -	0%	\$ -	0%	\$ 60,000,000	24%
TOTAL	13500	100%	\$ 25,000,000	100%	\$ 250,000,000	100%

Where Would You Focus Your Engineering Initiatives?



Case Study: Life Extension



Cost Category	Operating Expense (OPEX) Total	Free Cash Flow (FCF) Spent Total	% Saving
Depreciation	\$ 239,800,000	\$ -	
Capital	\$ -	\$ 333,500,000	
Maintenance	\$ 45,600,000	\$ 45,600,000	
Grinding - Corrective	\$ 16,000,000	\$ 16,000,000	
Grinding - Preventive	\$ 43,000,000	\$ 43,000,000	
Lubrication	\$ 19,300,000	\$ 14,900,000	
Inspections	\$ 22,800,000	\$ 22,800,000	
TOTAL	\$ 356,500,000	\$ 445,800,000	11%

Current Rail Life	34.6
Desired Rail Life	39.6

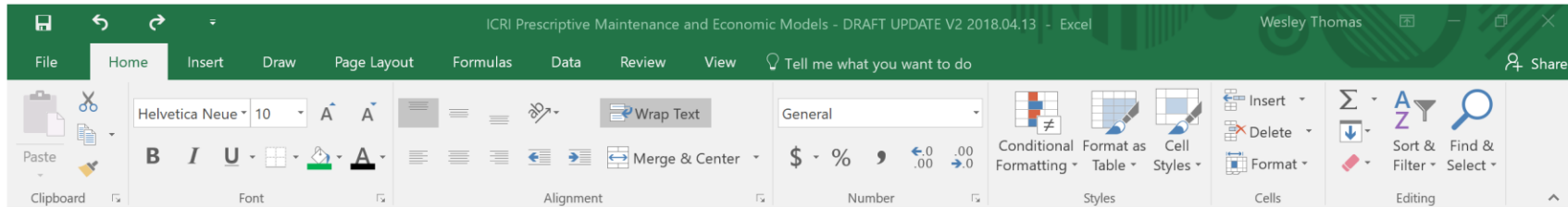
Compliance	\$ 54,400,000
Preventive	\$ 57,900,000
Capital/Depreciation	\$ 286,650,000

Depreciation + Capital Dominates Costs

Cost to Implement	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 100,000,000
ROIC	39%	53%



Case Study: Life Extension



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Cost Category	Operating Expense (OPEX) Total	Free Cash Flow (FCF) Spent Total	% Savings from Life Extension	OPEX Savings	FCF Savings		
2	Depreciation	\$ 239,800,000	\$ -	14%	\$ 34,653,179.19	\$ -		
3	Capital	\$ -	\$ 333,500,000	14%	\$ -	\$ 48,193,641.62		
4	Maintenance	\$ 15,600,000	\$ 15,600,000	14%	\$ 2,254,335.26	\$ 2,254,335.26		
5	Grinding - Corrective	\$ 16,000,000	\$ -			\$ 8,730,000		
6	Grinding - Preventive	\$ 43,000,000	\$ -			\$ 16,000,000		
7	Lubrication	\$ 19,300,000	\$ -			\$ 7,000,000		
8	Inspections	\$ 22,800,000	\$ -			\$ 8,400,000		
9	TOTAL	\$ 356,500,000	\$ -			\$ 116,000,000		
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11	Current Rail Life	34.6						
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14	Compliance	\$ 54,400,000						
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Current Average Rail Life from
Surface Transportation Board



Case Study: Life Extension

BNSF-TR-17

2



Surface Transportation Board

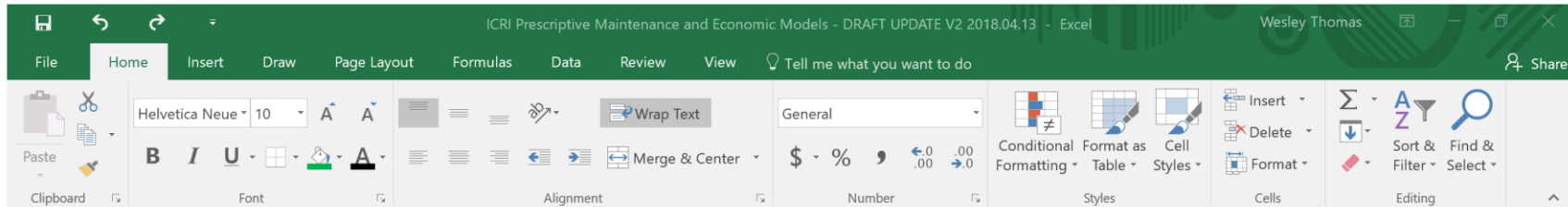
https://www.stb.gov/stb/industry/econ_cadlas.html

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY DEPRECIATION RATES TRACK PROPERTY			
A/C #	Account Name	Density	Depreciation Rate
ACCOUNT 8, TIES			
8.10	TIES-WOOD	1	4.44
8.20	TIES-WOOD	2	3.43
8.90	TIES-WOOD	4 & 5	2.40
8.11	TIES-CONCRETE	1	3.00
8.21	TIES-CONCRETE	2	3.00
ACCOUNT 9, RAILS & OTM			
9.10	RAILS & OTM	1	2.78
9.20	RAILS & OTM	2	2.40
9.90	RAILS & OTM	4 & 5	1.78
ACCOUNT 11, BALLAST			

Class 1 Track Life: = 35.97 Years (100% / 2.78%)
 Class 2 Track Life: = 41.66 Years (100% / 2.40%)
 Class 4/5 Track Life: = 56.17 Years (100% / 1.78%)



Case Study: Life Extension

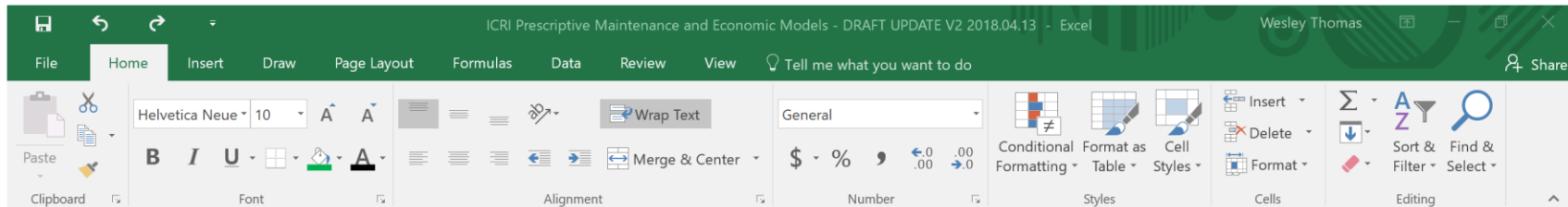


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5	Grinding - Corrective	\$ 16,000,000	\$ -			\$ 73		
6	Grinding - Preventive	\$ 43,000,000	\$ -					
7	Lubrication	\$ 19,300,000	\$ -					
8	Inspections	\$ 22,800,000	\$ -					
9	TOTAL	\$ 356,500,000	\$ -				16	
10								
11	Current Rail Life	34.6				00		
12	Desired Rail Life	39.6				33%		
13								
14	Compliance	\$ 54,400,000						
15	Preventive	\$ 57,900,000						
16	Capital/Depreciation	\$ 286,650,000						

What Is the Life Extension from Change?



Case Study: Life Extension

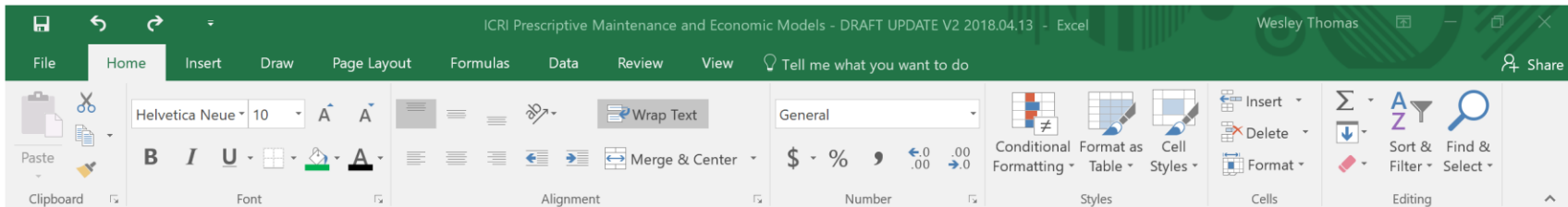


	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Cost Category	Operating Expense (OPEX) Total	Free Cash Flow (FCF) Spent Total	Savings from Life Extension	OPEX Savings	FCF Savings		
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What are the Savings from Life Extension?



Case Study: Life Extension



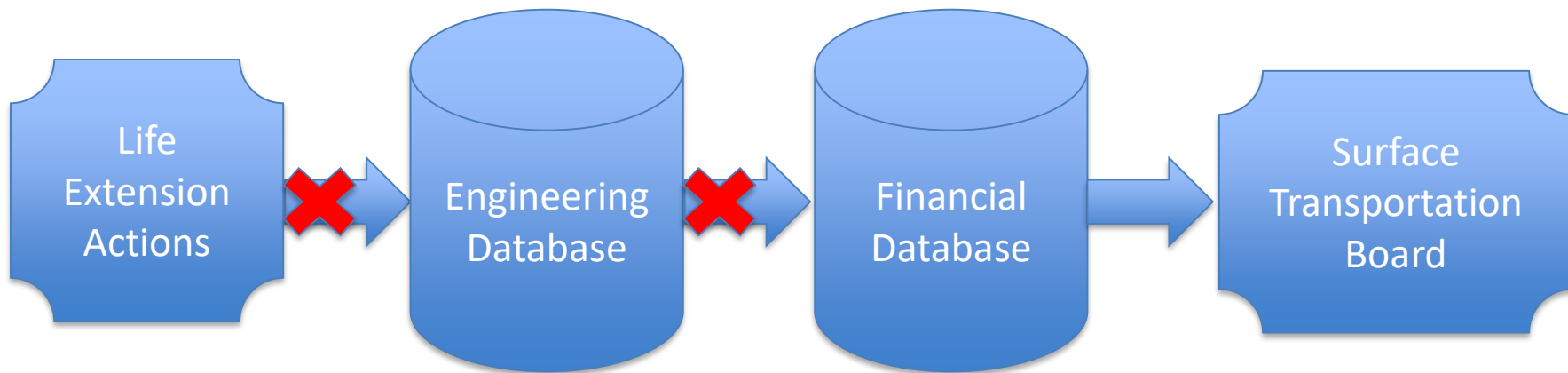
What is the Return on Invested Capital?

	D	E	F	G	H
	Savings from Life Extension	OPEX Savings	FCF Savings		
	14%	\$ 34,653,179.19	\$ -		
	14%	\$ -	\$ 48,193,641.62		
	14%	\$ 2,254,335.26	\$ 2,254,335.26		
	14%	\$ 2,312,138.73	\$ 2,312,138.73		
	0%	\$ -	\$ -		
	0%	\$ -	\$ -		
	0%	\$ -	\$ -		
	11%	\$ 39,219,653	\$ 52,760,116		
	Cost to Implement	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 100,000,000		
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8	Inspections	\$ 22,800,000	\$ 22,800,000		
9	TOTAL	\$ 356,500,000	\$ 445,800,000		
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11	Current Rail Life		34.6		
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Case Study: Life Extension



Is Financial Life Lower than Actual Life?



Next Steps

1. **Reach Out to Us**
2. **Use the Model**
3. **Test, Improve, and Add More Models**



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